

Issues In International Relations

[View Online](#)

[1]

Abrahms, M. 2006. Why Terrorism Does Not Work. *International Security*. 31, 2 (Oct. 2006), 42–78. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1162/isec.2006.31.2.42>.

[2]

Abulof, U. 2014. Revisiting Iran's nuclear rationales. *International Politics*. 51, 3 (May 2014), 404–415. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1057/ip.2014.9>.

[3]

Adamson, F.B. 2006. Crossing Borders: International Migration and National Security. *International Security*. 31, 1 (Jul. 2006), 165–199. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1162/isec.2006.31.1.165>.

[4]

Alesina, A. et al. 2004. *Fighting poverty in the US and Europe: a world of difference*. Oxford University Press.

[5]

American Political Science Association 2003. *Perspectives on politics*. (2003).

[6]

Aronson, R. 2013. PINKER AND PROGRESS. *History and Theory*. 52, 2 (May 2013), 246–264. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/hith.10666>.

[7]

Averre, D. and Davies, L. 2015. Russia, humanitarian intervention and the Responsibility to Protect: the case of Syria. *International Affairs*. 91, 4 (Jul. 2015), 813–834.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-2346.12343>.

[8]

Bartels, L.M. 2008. *Unequal democracy: the political economy of the new gilded age*. Russell Sage Foundation.

[9]

Basaran, T. 2008. Security, Law, Borders: Spaces of Exclusion. *International Political Sociology*. 2, 4 (Dec. 2008), 339–354.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1749-5687.2008.00055.x>.

[10]

Basaran, T. 2015. The saved and the drowned: Governing indifference in the name of security. *Security Dialogue*. 46, 3 (Jun. 2015), 205–220.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/0967010614557512>.

[11]

Beitz, C.R. 2001. Does Global Inequality Matter? *Metaphilosophy*. 32, 1–2 (Jan. 2001), 95–112. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1467-9973.00177>.

[12]

Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs International security.

[13]

Bellamy, A.J. 2008. The Responsibility to Protect and the problem of military intervention. *International Affairs*. 84, 4 (Jul. 2008), 615–639.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1468-2346.2008.00729.x>.

[14]

Bellamy, A.J. and Williams, P.D. 2011. The new politics of protection? Côte d'Ivoire, Libya and the responsibility to protect. *International Affairs*. 87, 4 (Jul. 2011), 825–850. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1468-2346.2011.01006.x>.

[15]

Beslin, S. 2013. China and the global order: signalling threat or friendship? *International Affairs*. 89, 3 (May 2013), 615–634. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-2346.12036>.

[16]

Betsill, M.M. et al. 2014. *Advances in international environmental politics*. Palgrave Macmillan.

[17]

Betts, R.K. The Delusion of Impartial Intervention. *Foreign Affairs*. 73, 20–33.

[18]

Birdsall, N. 2001. Why Inequality Matters: Some Economic Issues. *Ethics & International Affairs*. 15, 02 (Sep. 2001), 3–28. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1747-7093.2001.tb00356.x>.

[19]

Bleiker, R. 2012. *Aesthetics and world politics*. Palgrave Macmillan.

[20]

Bleiker, R. et al. 2013. The visual dehumanisation of refugees. *Australian Journal of Political Science*. 48, 4 (Dec. 2013), 398–416. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/10361146.2013.840769>.

[21]

BOWEN, W. and MORAN, M. 2015. Living with nuclear hedging: the implications of Iran's nuclear strategy. *International Affairs*. 91, 4 (Jul. 2015), 687–707.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-2346.12337>.

[22]

BOYLE, M.J. 2013. The costs and consequences of drone warfare. *International Affairs*. 89, 1 (Jan. 2013), 1–29. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-2346.12002>.

[23]

British International Studies Association and Cambridge University Press 1981. *Review of international studies*. (1981).

[24]

Brunstetter, D. and Braun, M. 2011. The Implications of Drones on the Just War Tradition. *Ethics & International Affairs*. 25, 03 (Sep. 2011), 337–358.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1017/S0892679411000281>.

[25]

Brunstetter, D.R. 2012. Can We Wage a Just Drone War? *The Atlantic*. (Jul. 2012).

[26]

Byman, Daniel 2013. Why Drones Work. *Foreign Affairs*. Jul/Aug. 92, 4 (2013), 32–43.

[27]

Cammack, P. 2004. What the World Bank means by poverty reduction, and why it matters. *New Political Economy*. 9, 2 (Jun. 2004), 189–211.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/1356346042000218069>.

[28]

Caso, F. and Hamilton, C. eds. 2015. Popular Culture and World Politics: Theories, Methods, Pedagogies. E-International Relations Publishing.

[29]

Cavallaro, J. et al. Living Under Drones: Death, Injury, and Trauma to Civilians from US Drone Practices in Pakistan. International Human Rights and Conflict Resolution Clinic, Stanford Law School; NYU School of Law, Global Justice Clinic.

[30]

Chandler, D. 2004. Imposing the 'Liberal Peace'. International Peacekeeping. 11, 1 (Mar. 2004), 59-81. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/1353331042000228454>.

[31]

Christensen, T.J. 2006. Fostering Stability or Creating a Monster? The Rise of China and U.S. Policy toward East Asia. International Security. 31, 1 (Jul. 2006), 81-126. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1162/isec.2006.31.1.81>.

[32]

Clapp, J. and Swanston, L. 2009. Doing away with plastic shopping bags: international patterns of norm emergence and policy implementation. Environmental Politics. 18, 3 (May 2009), 315-332. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/09644010902823717>.

[33]

Collier, P. and Dawson Books 2007. The bottom billion: why the poorest countries are failing and what can be done about it. Oxford University Press.

[34]

Crenshaw, M. 2011. Explaining terrorism: causes, processes, and consequences. Routledge.

[35]

Cronin, Audrey Kurth 2013. Why Drones Fail. *Foreign Affairs*. Jul/Aug. 92, 4 (2013), 44-54.

[36]

Dittmer, J. and Gray, N. 2010. Popular Geopolitics 2.0: Towards New Methodologies of the Everyday. *Geography Compass*. 4, 11 (Nov. 2010), 1664-1677.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1749-8198.2010.00399.x>.

[37]

Duck of Minerva: <http://duckofminerva.com/>.

[38]

Duncombe, C. 2015. Representation, recognition and foreign policy in the Iran-US relationship. *European Journal of International Relations*. (Sep. 2015).
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/1354066115597049>.

[39]

Dunn, D.H. 2013. Drones: disembodied aerial warfare and the unarticulated threat. *International Affairs*. 89, 5 (Sep. 2013), 1237-1246.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-2346.12069>.

[40]

Ebooks Corporation Limited 2015. *Gender matters in global politics: a feminist introduction to international relations*. Routledge.

[41]

Edkins, J. and Zehfuss, M. eds. 2019. *Global politics: a new introduction*. Routledge.

[42]

Edkins, J. and Zehfuss, M. eds. 2019. *Global politics: a new introduction*. Routledge.

[43]

E-International Relations: <http://www.e-ir.info/>.

[44]

European Consortium for Political Research 1995. European journal of international relations. (1995).

[45]

Evans, G. and Sahnoun, M. 2002. The Responsibility to Protect. Foreign Affairs. 81, 6 (2002).

[46]

Evans, G. and Shahnoun, M. The Responsibility to Protect.

[47]

Feffer, J. and Bleicher, S.A. 2008. China: Superpower or Basket Case? Foreign Policy In Focus. (Aug. 2008).

[48]

Forsyth, T. and ProQuest (Firm) 2003. Critical political ecology: the politics of environmental science. Routledge.

[49]

Franklin, M. 2005. Resounding international relations: on music, culture, and politics. Palgrave Macmillan.

[50]

Gat, A. 2013. Is war declining - and why? Journal of Peace Research. 50, 2 (Mar. 2013),

149–157. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/0022343312461023>.

[51]

Goldstein, J. and Pinker, S. War Really Is Going Out of Style. The New York Times.

[52]

Grayson, K. et al. 2009. Pop Goes IR? Researching the Popular Culture-World Politics Continuum. *Politics*. 29, 3 (Oct. 2009), 155–163.

DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-9256.2009.01351.x>.

[53]

Gregory, D. 2011. From a View to a Kill: Drones and Late Modern War. *Theory, Culture & Society*. 28, 7–8 (Dec. 2011), 188–215. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/0263276411423027>.

[54]

Gregory, T. 2015. Drones, Targeted Killings, and the Limitations of International Law. *International Political Sociology*. 9, 3 (Sep. 2015), 197–212.

DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/ips.12093>.

[55]

Herman, E.S. and Peterson, D. 2012. Steven Pinker on the Alleged Decline of Violence. *Dissident Voice*. (Dec. 2012).

[56]

Hoffman, B. and Ebooks Corporation Limited 2006. *Inside terrorism*. Columbia University Press.

[57]

Holmqvist, C. 2013. Undoing War: War Ontologies and the Materiality of Drone Warfare. *Millennium - Journal of International Studies*. 41, 3 (Jun. 2013), 535–552.

DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/0305829813483350>.

[58]

IFS Living standards, poverty and inequality in the UK: 2014.

[59]

International Institute for Strategic Studies and Oxford University Press Survival.

[60]

International Studies Association 2005. Foreign policy analysis. (2005).

[61]

International Studies Association 1967. International studies quarterly. (1967).

[62]

International Studies Association International studies review.

[63]

Jaggar, A.M. 2005. What Is Terrorism, Why Is It Wrong, and Could It Ever Be Morally Permissible? *Journal of Social Philosophy*. 36, 2 (May 2005), 202–217.

DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-9833.2005.00267.x>.

[64]

Jhally, S. et al. 2006. Reel bad Arabs: how Hollywood vilifies a people. Media Education Foundation.

[65]

JOHN MUELLER 2009. War Has Almost Ceased to Exist: An Assessment. *Political Science*

Quarterly. 124, 2 (2009), 297–321.

[66]

Johnston, A.I. 2003. Is China a Status Quo Power? *International Security*. 27, 4 (Apr. 2003), 5–56. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1162/016228803321951081>.

[67]

Juergensmeyer, M. 2003. *Terror in the mind of God: the global rise of religious violence*. University of California Press.

[68]

KAHL, COLIN H. 2012. Iran and the Bomb. *Foreign Affairs*. Sep/Oct. 91, 5 (2012), 157–162.

[69]

Kaya, A. 2012. *Global inequality*. Oxford University Press.

[70]

Klein, N. 2014. *This changes everything: capitalism vs. the climate*. Allen Lane.

[71]

Krueger, Alan B.¹Malecková, Jitka² 2002. Does Poverty Cause Terrorism? *New Republic*. 226, 24 (2002), 27–33.

[72]

Latham, R. 2010. Border formations: security and subjectivity at the border. *Citizenship Studies*. 14, 2 (Apr. 2010), 185–201. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/13621021003594858>.

[73]

London School of Economics and Political Science Millennium: journal of international studies.

[74]

Martins, N. 2011. Globalisation, Inequality and the Economic Crisis. *New Political Economy*. 16, 1 (Feb. 2011), 1–18. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/13563461003789761>.

[75]

Matthew Kroenig 2012. Time to attack Iran: why a strike is the least bad option. *Foreign Affairs*. 91, 1 (2012).

[76]

MAYER, M. 2015. The new killer drones: understanding the strategic implications of next-generation unmanned combat aerial vehicles. *International Affairs*. 91, 4 (Jul. 2015), 765–780. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-2346.12342>.

[77]

McCauley, C. and Moskalenko, S. 2008. Mechanisms of Political Radicalization: Pathways Toward Terrorism. *Terrorism and Political Violence*. 20, 3 (Jul. 2008), 415–433. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/09546550802073367>.

[78]

McKibben, B. 2014. *Oil and honey*. St. Martin's Griffin.

[79]

Mitzen, J. 2013. The Irony of Pinkerism. *Perspectives on Politics*. 11, 02 (Jun. 2013), 525–528. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1017/S1537592713001114>.

[80]

Morris, J. 2013. Libya and Syria: R2P and the spectre of the swinging pendulum. *International Affairs*. 89, 5 (Sep. 2013), 1265–1283.

DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-2346.12071>.

[81]

Muller, B.J. 2004. (Dis)qualified bodies: securitization, citizenship and 'identity management'. *Citizenship Studies*. 8, 3 (Sep. 2004), 279-294.

DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/1362102042000257005>.

[82]

Nail, T. 2015. *The figure of the migrant*. Stanford University Press.

[83]

Nathan, A.J. and Scobell, A. 2012. How China Sees America. *Foreign Affairs*. 91, (2012), 32-47.

[84]

Neumann, P.R. and Smith, M.L.R. 2005. Strategic terrorism: The framework and its fallacies. *Journal of Strategic Studies*. 28, 4 (Aug. 2005), 571-595.

DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/01402390500300923>.

[85]

Nexon, D.H. and Neumann, I.B. 2006. *Harry Potter and international relations*. Rowman & Littlefield.

[86]

O'Neill, K. 2017. *The environment and international relations*. Cambridge University Press.

[87]

Owens, P. 2003. Accidents Don't Just Happen: The Liberal Politics of High-Technology 'Humanitarian' War. *Millennium - Journal of International Studies*. 32, 3 (Dec. 2003), 595-616. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/03058298030320031101>.

[88]

Pei, M. 2012. Everything You Think You Know About China Is Wrong. Foreign policy. (Aug. 2012).

[89]

Piketty, T. and Goldhammer, A. 2014. Capital in the twenty-first century. The Belknap Press of Harvard University Press.

[90]

Pillar, Paul R. 2012. We Can Live with a Nuclear Iran. Washington Monthly. Mar/Apr. 44, 3 (2012), 13-19.

[91]

Pinker, S. 2011. The better angels of our nature: why violence has declined. Viking.

[92]

Pinker, Steven 2007. A History of Violence. New Republic. 236, 12 (2007), 18-21.

[93]

Pocida, F. 2009. Overblown: Why an Iranian Nuclear Bomb is not the End of the World. (Jun. 2009).

[94]

Political Studies Association of the United Kingdom and EBSCO Publishing (Firm) 1999. British journal of politics and international relations. (1999).

[95]

Political Violence @ a Glance: <http://politicalviolenceataglace.org/>.

[96]

Power, M. 2007. Digitized Virtuosity: Video War Games and Post-9/11 Cyber-Deterrence. *Security Dialogue*. 38, 2 (Jun. 2007), 271–288.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/0967010607078552>.

[97]

Robert A. Pape 2003. The Strategic Logic of Suicide Terrorism. *The American Political Science Review*. 97, 3 (2003), 343–361.

[98]

Robinson, N. 2015. Have You Won the War on Terror? Military Videogames and the State of American Exceptionalism. *Millennium - Journal of International Studies*. 43, 2 (Jan. 2015), 450–470. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/0305829814557557>.

[99]

Robinson, N. 2012. Videogames, Persuasion and the War on Terror: Escaping or Embedding the Military-Entertainment Complex? *Political Studies*. 60, 3 (Oct. 2012), 504–522. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-9248.2011.00923.x>.

[100]

Rogers, M.B. 2009. The role of religious fundamentalism in terrorist violence: A social psychological analysis. *International Review of Psychiatry*. 19, 3 (Jul. 2009), 253–262.

[101]

Royal Institute of International Affairs 1944. *International affairs*. (1944).

[102]

Salter, M.B. 2008. When the exception becomes the rule: borders, sovereignty, and citizenship. *Citizenship Studies*. 12, 4 (Aug. 2008), 365–380.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/13621020802184234>.

[103]

Samantha Power 2001. Bystanders to genocide: why the United States let the Rwandan tragedy happen. *The Atlantic*. 288, 2 (2001).

[104]

Schulzke, M. 2014. The Morality of Remote Warfare: Against the Asymmetry Objection to Remote Weaponry. *Political Studies*. (Sep. 2014), n/a-n/a.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1467-9248.12155>.

[105]

Skovgaard, J. 2014. EU climate policy after the crisis. *Environmental Politics*. 23, 1 (Jan. 2014), 1–17. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/09644016.2013.818304>.

[106]

Smith, S. et al. eds. 2016. *Foreign policy: theories, actors, cases*. Oxford University Press.

[107]

Stansfield, G. 2014. The Islamic State, the Kurdistan Region and the future of Iraq: assessing UK policy options. *International Affairs*. 90, 6 (Nov. 2014), 1329–1350.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-2346.12167>.

[108]

Sylvester, C. 2009. *Art/museums: international relations where we least expect it*. Paradigm Publishers.

[109]

The Disorder Of Things: <http://thedisorderofthings.com/>.

[110]

Thiele, L.P. 2011. *Indra's net and the Midas touch: living sustainably in a connected world*. MIT Press.

[111]

Thomas J. Watson, Jr. Institute for International Studies (Brown University) et al. 1994. *The Brown journal of world affairs*. (1994).

[112]

Tienhaara, K. 2014. Varieties of green capitalism: economy and environment in the wake of the global financial crisis. *Environmental Politics*. 23, 2 (Mar. 2014), 187–204.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1080/09644016.2013.821828>.

[113]

Turner, O. 2013. 'Threatening' China and US security: the international politics of identity. *Review of International Studies*. 39, 04 (Oct. 2013), 903–924.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1017/S0260210512000599>.

[114]

Victoroff, J. 2005. The Mind of the Terrorist: A Review and Critique of Psychological Approaches. *Journal of Conflict Resolution*. 49, 1 (Feb. 2005), 3–42.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/0022002704272040>.

[115]

Vogt, R. 2012. *Europe and China: strategic partners or rivals?*. Hong Kong University Press.

[116]

Waltz, Kenneth N. 2012. Why Iran Should Get the Bomb. *Foreign Affairs*. Jul/Aug. 91, 4 (2012), 2–5.

[117]

Weber, C. 2014. International relations theory: a critical introduction. Routledge.

[118]

Weldes, J. 1999. Going Cultural: Star Trek, State Action, and Popular Culture. *Millennium - Journal of International Studies*. 28, 1 (Mar. 1999), 117–134.
DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1177/03058298990280011201>.

[119]

Wolf, M. 2005. Why globalization works. Yale University Press.

[120]

Zaidise, E. et al. 2007. Politics of God or Politics of Man? The Role of Religion and Deprivation in Predicting Support for Political Violence in Israel. *Political Studies*. 55, 3 (Oct. 2007), 499–521. DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-9248.2007.00673.x>.

[121]

Cambridge review of international affairs.

[122]

Contemporary politics.

[123]

Dead Wrong?: Battle Deaths, Military Medicine, and Exaggerated Reports of War's Demise. *International Security*. 39, 1, 95–125.

[124]

Environmental politics.

[125]

Foreign Affairs.

[126]

Foreign Policy.

[127]

2001. Global environmental politics. (2001).

[128]

1995. Global governance: a review of multilateralism and international organizations. (1995).

[129]

International feminist journal of politics.

[130]

1996. International politics. (1996).

[131]

Is a Nuclear Deal with Iran Possible?: An Analytical Framework for the Iran Nuclear Negotiations. International Security. 37, 3, 52-91.

[132]

2008. Politics. (2008).

[133]

Racing toward Tragedy?: China's Rise, Military Competition in the Asia Pacific, and the Security Dilemma. *International Security*. 39, 2, 52–91.

[134]

Security in Climate Change Discourse: Analyzing the Divergence between US and EU Approaches to Policy. *Global Environmental Politics*. 14, 2, 82–101.

[135]

Security studies.

[136]

The Changing Nature of Nature: Environmental Politics in the Anthropocene. *Global Environmental Politics*. 14, 4, 36–54.

[137]

Why States Won't Give Nuclear Weapons to Terrorists. *International Security*. 38, 1, 80–104.